

Recall k field

motivic spaces/ $k = \text{PSh}(\text{Sm}_k, \text{Spaces})$

$\mathcal{H}(k)$ = (pointed motivic spaces) $[\text{Nis}, \mathbb{A}^1]$

Unstable motivic homotopy category

$F \in \mathcal{H}(k) \rightsquigarrow \pi_n^{\mathbb{A}^1}(F) = \text{Nis sheaf}$

associated to

$U \longmapsto [U \wedge S^n, F]_{\mathcal{H}(k)}$

\mathbb{A}^1 -homotopy sheaves

$\text{SH}(k)$ = (\mathbb{P}^1 -Spectra)

[stable motivic weak equivalence]

Goal

Th (Morel) $[\mathbb{1}_k, \mathbb{1}_k]_{\text{SH}(k)} \cong \text{GW}(k)$

$\text{GW}(k)$ = K_0 (non-deg. sym. bil. forms
over k)

We work unstably in $\mathcal{H}(k)$

We work unstably in $\mathcal{H}_*(k)$

3. Main ingredients:

- strongly / strictly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant sheaves

- \mathbb{A}^1 -Homotopy Theorem

- universality of the (unramified)

Milnor-Witt K-theory

Def 1) $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sh}_{\text{Nis}}(S_{m/k}, \text{Grp})$

(sheaf of groups)

\mathcal{F} is strongly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant if $\forall X \in S_{m/k}$

$$\underline{H}_{\text{Nis}}^i(X, \mathcal{F}) \cong H_{\text{Nis}}^i(\mathbb{A}_X^1, \mathcal{F})$$

2) $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sh}_{\text{Nis}}(S_{m/k}, \text{Ab})$

\mathcal{F} is strictly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant if $\forall X \in S_{m/k}$

$$\underline{H}_{\text{Nis}}^i(X, \mathcal{F}) \cong \underline{H}_{\text{Nis}}^i(\mathbb{A}_X^1, \mathcal{F})$$

Ex - homotopy invariant sheaves with transfers

are strictly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant (Voevodsky)

e.g. Rost's cycle modules.

- W unramified Witt sheaf

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} strictly

I^j powers of the fundamental ideal) strictly \mathbb{A}^1 -inv.

- $\prod_1^{\mathbb{A}^1} (TP_k^1)$ is strongly \mathbb{A}^1 -inv
(non abelian).

Th (Morel) $\underline{F} \in \text{Sh}_{\text{Nis}}(S_{\text{m}k}, \underline{\text{Ab}})$

Then \underline{F} is strictly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant

$\Leftrightarrow \underline{F}$ is strongly \mathbb{A}^1 -invariant

- strictly \Rightarrow strongly: since $\underline{\text{Ab}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{Grp}}$ is fully faithful

- strongly \Rightarrow strictly:

Th (Gabber presentation Lemma)

$X =$ localization of a smooth n -dimensional k -scheme at a point

$Y \hookrightarrow X$ closed, $\text{codim} \geq 1$

Then \exists $t \in \mathbb{A}_k^{n-1}$, $S = \text{Spec } \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{A}_k^{n-1}, t}$
 $X \rightarrow \mathbb{A}_S^1$ étale

s.t. $\begin{cases} \begin{array}{ccc} & X & \\ \nearrow & & \searrow \\ Y & \xrightarrow{\text{closed immersion}} & \mathbb{A}_S^1 \end{array} \\ Y \text{ finite over } S \end{cases}$

Y finite over S

Rost - Schmid complex

$\underline{F} \in \text{Sh}_{\text{NIS}}(S_{\text{un}}/k, \text{Ab})$ strongly A^1 -invariant sheaf

- K field, $V = 1\text{-dim}^d$ K -vector space

$$\Rightarrow F(K, V) := F(K) \otimes_{K^\times} V^\times$$

twist \nearrow

- G_m -loop space : $X \in S_{\text{un}}/k$

$$F_{-1} : X \longrightarrow \text{Ker} \left(\underline{F}(G_m \times X) \longrightarrow \underline{F}(X) \right)$$

$$X \xrightarrow{(\text{id}, 1)} X \times G_m$$

is a strongly A^1 -invariant sheaf

$$F_{-n} = (F_{-(n-1)})_{-1}$$

Def Rost - Schmid complex

$$C_{RS}^*(X; F) = \bigoplus_{x \in X^{(0)}} \underline{F}(x(x), \omega_{x,x}) \longrightarrow \bigoplus_{x \in X^{(1)}} \underline{F}(x(x), \omega_{x,x}) \longrightarrow \dots$$

- $\omega_{x,x} = \det(N_x \mathcal{O}_{x,x})$

- boundary = "Norm residue map"

Th 1) C_{RS}^* is a complex

2) $C_{RS}^*(X, F) \longrightarrow C_{RS}^*(A^1_X, F)$

$$2) C_{RS}^*(X, F) \rightarrow C_{RS}^*(A'_X, F)$$

is quasi-isomorphism.

Proof is similar to Rost's arguments for cycle modules.

$$\underline{\text{Th}} \quad H^x(C_{RS}^*(X, F)) \cong H_{Zar}^*(X; F) \cong H_{Niis}^*(X; F)$$

$\Rightarrow F$ is strictly A' -inv.

Use Gabber + htp. invariance + induction

coniveau spectral sequence.

A' -Hurwicz Theorem

Def \mathcal{X} = pointed presheaf of spaces, $n \geq 1$

\mathcal{X} is n -connected if $\forall i \leq n, \pi_i(\mathcal{X}) = 0$ ← homotopy sheaves

n - A' -connected if $\forall i \leq n, \pi_i^{A'}(\mathcal{X}) = 0$ ← A' -homotopy sheaves.

Th (Morel's unstable A' -connectivity Theorem)

$n \geq 1, \mathcal{X}$ n -connected $\Rightarrow \mathcal{X}$ is n - A' -connected

Cor $n \geq 2, \forall \mathcal{X}, \underline{\Sigma^n \mathcal{X}}$ is $(n-1)$ - A' -connected

A' -homotopy sheaf

H - ...

\mathcal{X} presheaf of spaces $\pi_n^{A'}(\mathcal{X})$

$\leadsto \mathbb{Z}(\mathcal{X})$ presheaf of simplicial abelian groups

Dold-Kan

$\leadsto C_*(\mathbb{Z}(\mathcal{X}))$ normalized chain complex

A' -localization $C_*^{A'}(\mathcal{X})$ A' -chain complex.

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_* \text{ chain complex} &\leadsto L_{A'}^{(1)}(C_*) \\
 &= \text{cone} \left(\underline{\text{Hom}}(\underline{\mathbb{Z}}(A'), C_*^f) \xrightarrow{ev_1} C_*^f \right) \\
 L_{A'}^{(1)} &\circ L_{A'}^{(n-1)} \\
 L_{A'}^\infty &= \text{colim } L_{A'}^{(n)} \\
 \underline{L_{A'}^{ab}(C_*)} &= \underline{L_{A'}^\infty(C_*)}^f
 \end{aligned}$$

$H_n^{A'}(\mathcal{X}) = \pi_n^{A'}(C_*^{A'}(\mathcal{X}))$ A' -homology sheaf

Th (A' -Hurewicz Theorem)

$n \geq 2$ \mathcal{X} $(n-1)$ - A' -connected

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\pi_n^{A'}(\mathcal{X})} \xrightarrow{\sim} \underline{H_n^{A'}(\mathcal{X})}$$

Cor $n \geq 2$ $\pi_n^{A'}(\underline{\Sigma^n F}) \cong H_n^{A'}(\underline{\Sigma^n F})$

$$\begin{aligned} &\cong H_{n-1}^{A^1}(\Sigma^{n-1}F) \\ &\cong \dots \cong \widetilde{H}_0^{A^1}(F) \\ &\quad \parallel \\ &\quad \text{free strictly } A^1\text{-invariant} \\ &\quad \text{sheaf associated to } F \end{aligned}$$

Milnor-Witt K-theory

Def F field

$K_*^{MW}(F) =$ graded associative nbg with

- generators: $[\underline{u}]$, $u \in F \setminus \{0\}$, degree = 1

- η , degree = -1

- relations:

1) (Steinberg relations) $\forall a \in F \setminus \{0, 1\}$

$$[a] \cdot [1-a] = 0$$

2) $\forall a, b \in F \setminus \{0\}$

$$[ab] = [a] + [b] + \eta \cdot [a] \cdot [b]$$

3) $\forall u \in F \setminus \{0\}$, $[u] \cdot \eta = \eta \cdot [u]$

$$4) \eta \cdot (\eta \cdot [-1] + 2) = 0$$

Rk 1) $K_*^{MW}(F)/\eta \cong K_*^M(F)$ Milnor K-theory

2) $K_0^{MW}(F) \cong GW(F)$

$$1 + \eta \cdot [a] \longleftarrow \langle a \rangle \xrightarrow{x \mapsto ax^2}$$

$$4 \cdot [-1] + 2 \cdot 1 \longrightarrow 1 + (-1) = 0 \quad (\text{hyperbolic form})$$

3) $\eta =$ motivic Hopf map

$$G_m \wedge \mathbb{P}^1 \simeq \mathbb{A}^2 - \{0\} \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$$

\downarrow deloop

$$\underline{G}_m \longrightarrow \mathbb{1}$$

Unrified Milnor-Witt sheaf

norm-residue

$$X \in \text{Sur}_k \quad \underline{K}_n^{MW}(X) = \text{Ker} \left(\underline{K}_n^{MW}(k(X)) \xrightarrow{\text{norm-residue}} \bigoplus_{X \in X^{(1)}} \underline{K}_{n-1}^{MW}(k(X)) \right)$$

$$\leadsto \underline{K}_n^{MW} \in \text{Sh}_{\text{Nis}}(\text{Sur}_k, \text{Ab}) \quad \underline{\text{unrified MW sheaf}}$$

Lemma 1) \underline{K}_n^{MW} is a strongly \mathbb{A}^1 -inv sheaf

$$2) \left(\underline{K}_n^{MW} \right)_{-1} \simeq \underline{K}_{n-1}^{MW}$$

$$\sigma_n : (G_m)^{\wedge n} \longrightarrow \underline{K}_n^{MW}$$

$$(u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n) \longmapsto [u_1] \cdot [u_2] \cdots [u_n]$$

Th \forall map of pointed spaces $\phi : (G_m)^{\wedge n} \rightarrow M$

$M \in \text{Sh}_{\text{Nis}}(\text{Sur}_k, \text{Ab})$ strongly \mathbb{A}^1 -inv.

$$\exists! \Phi : \underline{K}_n^{MW} \rightarrow M \text{ s.t. } \Phi \circ \sigma_n = \phi$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (G_m)^{\wedge n} & \xrightarrow{\phi} & M \\ & \searrow \sigma_n & \uparrow \exists! \Phi \\ & & \underline{K}_n^{MW}(F) \end{array}$$

i.e. σ_n is the universal morphism from $(G_m)^{\wedge n}$
to strictly A^1 -inv. sheaf of abelian groups.

Idea - reduce to fields.

- uniqueness: follows from $K_n^{MW}(F)$ is generated
by $[u_1] \cdots [u_n]$, $u_i \in F \setminus \{0\}$

- Existence: check the relations are satisfied. \square

Cor K_n^{MW} is the free strictly A^1 -inv. sheaf
generated by $(G_m)^{\wedge n}$.

Cor $n \geq 2$ $i \geq 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_n^{A^1}(S^n \wedge (G_m)^{\wedge i}) &\simeq H_0^{A^1}((G_m)^{\wedge i}) \\ &\simeq \underline{K}_i^{MW}. \end{aligned}$$

Th $X \in \mathcal{X}(k)$ \mathbb{A}^1 -contractible

$$[S^n \wedge (G_m)^{\wedge i}, X]_{\mathcal{X}(k)} \simeq \pi_n^{A^1}(X)_{-i}(k)$$

Cor $i \geq 1$

$$[(G_m)^{\wedge j}, (G_m)^{\wedge i}]_{\mathcal{X}(k)} = \underline{K}_{i-j}^{MW}(k)$$

$$\Rightarrow [1_k, \underbrace{1_k \xrightarrow{(n)} [n]}_{(G_m)^{\wedge n}}]_{SH(k)} = K_n^{MW}(k)$$

$$\underbrace{\dots}_{G_n^{1/n}} \cup SH(k) = K_n(k)$$

In part, $[I_k, I_k] = \underbrace{GW(k)}_{\text{"0-like"}}$

Rk 1) Th (Röndigs - Spitzheck - Østvær)

$$0 \rightarrow K_{2-n}^M / 24 \rightarrow \underbrace{\pi_{n+1, n}(I_k)}_{\substack{\text{"1-like"} \\ n \geq 4 \\ \text{exact}}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\pi_{n+1, n} f_0(k\mathbb{Q})}_{\substack{\text{effective con} \\ \text{of hermitian} \\ k\text{-thy}}}$$

2) Th (Cazanave)

stable iso classes of non-deg. sym. bil. forms.

$$[\underline{P}^1, \underline{P}^1]_{\text{naive}} = \underbrace{\bigoplus_{n \geq 1} MW_n(k) \times k^x}_{\substack{\text{discriminant} \\ k^x/k^{x/2}}}$$

- uses Bézout form & resultant.

=> Mowal's result is the group completion